#### REV. DR. HOGE'S FUNERAL ADDRESS.

The Casket Started at 9 P. M. Over the R. & D. Railroad for Raleigh, where the Interment will Take Place To-Day.

# Times Bureau, Rapley Building, Washington, April 16, 1894.

It is something sublimely sad and yet gloriously inspiring to witness the unfeigned sorrow which marks the leading men of the nation when one of their loved colleagues is called away by labor. This was the case here to-day, and the flags at half-mast, the muffled gavel, the softened speech, and the melancholy mein of the grave old senators, all told more potently than words that an associate was dead who in life had been warmly cherished by all of them.

No man, perhaps, in all the Senate was personally better loved by his fellow senators than was Mr. Vance. His happy, genial temperament, broad patriotic prin-ciples, his generous deference to the opin-ions of others, his own high sense of honorable duty and his fearless and courageous spirit made him a man to be esteemed, and a friend to be fondly

WISE AND SAFE LEGISLATOR.

All through the long years of his public service he has been regarded in Congress and throughout the country as man, whose wit never wounded and whose polgnant repartee left no shaft to rankle in the breast of his victim. He was a genial man, and neither age nor physical infirmity could wrinkle his sunny face, dim the lustre of his eye, nor blight the evergreen of his heart.

Senator Vance was a public man whose legislative influence, beginning with the turbulent spirit that pervaded the called session of the Thirty-seventh Congress session of the Inhity-seventh Congress on July 4, 1861, will always be felt with-in the halls of Congress. His body will be laid to rest with tears beneath the whispering pines of his native State, but his spirit will return to those who knew him whenever humanity wants a friend or liberty needs a defender.

THE FUNEBAL CEREMONIES,

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16.—The funeral ceremonies of the late Senator Vance, of North Carolina, occupied the time of the Senate to-day. The opening prayer by the blind chaplain, Mr. Milburn, was devoted entirely to the subject. It was in these words:

"O, eternal God, with our hearts we ome to the foot of thy throne, while the funeral knell sounds through the



Zebulon B. Vance.

Capitol announcing the death of another senator; while North Carolina mouras the departure from here of a beloved and honored son, and the nation feels the loss. We bless thee for his large native powers, skilled in the wide experience of public affairs, and for his genial humors, enrich-ing and illuminating all subjects he touch-ed, making him kindly with his kind, by virtue of which he shed the influence of a wise and beneficent counsel and charac has place in this chamber, on the land at large. Grant to the widow and children, under this sore bereavement, the only comfort which can come to human hearts at such a time, unshaken faith in thy holy gospel, and the consolation and sympathy of thy beloved Son, As the earthly part of one of our brothers has entered on the border of the lavisible world, grant that we may hear from thy lips Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord; year saith the Spirit for they rest from their labors,' we humbly pray, through Jesus Christ, our Savious. Amen.'

THE UNUAL RESOLUTIONS. Ransom then offered the usual resolutions declaring the great sorrow with which the Senate has heard of the death of Mr. Vance, providing for a com-mittee of nine senators to take order for superintending the funeral to-day; for the removal of the remains from Washthe removal of the remains from Wash-ington to North Carolina in charge of the Sergeant-at-Arms and attended by the committee; that the proceedings be communicated to the House of Repre-centatives, and that that body be invited to attend the funeral and to appoint a committee to act with the Senate com-mittee. The resolutions were agreed to, and the Vice President appropriet. the Vice-President announced the ap-pointment of the committee as follows: Mesers, Ransom (Dem., N. C.), George (Dem., Miss.), Gray (Dem., Del.), Black-burn (Dem., Ky.), Coke (Dem., Tex.), Chandler (Rep., N. H.), Dubois (Rep., Juho), White (Dem., Cal.), and Mander-son (Rep., Neb.) son (Rep., Neb.).

## SENATOR RANSOM'S SPEECH.

In tones of evident emotion, and smild the dignified and pathetic silence of his associates, Senstor Ransom said:
"Mr. President, it is my melancholy duty to announce to the Senste the death of the Hon. Zebulon Baird Vanne, late senstor from North Carolina. He died on Saturday night hist at forty-five minutes past ten, at his residence on minutes past ten, at his residence lassachusetts avenue, in this Though his long-continued and serious liness ought to have prepared all for the sad event, still, beguiled by his own hopeful and cheerful spirit, none of us dreamed that the white horses were

oming so rapidly to his door. "His death shocks us to the depths of our hearts. It is a calamity, a sorrow, a deep public and personal bereavement. A great man has fallen in our midst. A great patriot, a great statesman, a grea speaker, a great thinker, a great actor has passed away from our sight for this

He died at his post of duty, with his complete armor on, with his face to the front, courageous, hopeful, useful to the last. Sufferings did not break his proud spirit nor dim his noble intellect, no but still in the strength of his eminent faculties; crowned with exalted honors, but still animated with yet higher as-perations and promise of doing good;

FUNERAL OF SENATOR VANCE

Solemn Services Over the Remains of the Distinguished Statesman.

Distinguished Statesman.

physically wrecked and overcome with incurable malady, he stood firmly in the line of his comrades and at the last moment serenely gathered his robes around him and stepped with the dignity of a Senator and the faith of a Christian from earth into eternity. It looks as if by some prophetic intuition he had returned from the spring flowers and genial skies of Florida to lay down his sword and shield on the very altars of his countries. and shield on the very altars of his coun-

"This is not the time for the analysis of his character, for eulogies of his virtues, for the history of his illustrious services. On some fitting day I shall ask the Senate to do justice to his honored

"But, sir, I should commit a very great wrong not to say now with what unspeakable pain and infinite grief the death of Senator Vance smited the peo-ple of North Carolina. For some more than forty years, in peace and in war, he has been the most beloved and the most honored son of that great State. most honored son of that great state. From the overflowing ocean across the hills and plains and valleys to the majestic mountain tops he was a familiar and most dear object to the hearts and homes of all our people. Language cannot describe the admiration and love and gratitude of all ages, of both seves of not describe the admiration and love and gratitude of all ages, of both sexes, of every class, condition, and race, of the whole people of North Carolina, for this great and good man, their benefactor and bulwark in prosperity and adversity. Standing by his lifeless form to-day it is my sacred duty, representing a Commonwealth of nearly two million souls, to wealth of nearly two million souls, to shed upon his mortal ashes the tears of their affection and deepest serrow.

"He seemed, sir, as if by destiny to hold in his hands the hearts of the

hold in his hands the hearts of the people, and at this moment the throbbing hearts of thousands are following his silent march to the tomb. If he had faults they were bold, brave, open faults, and are forever eclipsed and forgotten in the splendor of a great and glorious life and in the magnanimity of a noble nature.

life and in the magnanimity of a noble nature.

"As I think of the short interval at which he follows the beloved Georgian from the follows the thick that the follows as if two tall oaks which stood over and shaded our hearthstones, had fallen in the early evening after the storm and heat of the day had passed over and before the shades of night and winter had fallen upon their autumn leaves. Colquitt and Vance had done their duty to their country and their fellow men.

"But I must not trust myself further. At the hour of 9 to-night the committee of the two houses of Congress, the entire delegation of the State of North Carolina, and the special committee from the State, with the sad family and friends, will leave the capital of the Star Spangled Republic and hear the remains of Governor Vance through the sister State of Virginia to the heautiful control.

of Governor Vance through the sister State of Virginia to the beautiful capital of North Carolina, and thence take them to his burying-ground on the mountain side, overlooking the blue torrents of the French Broad and in the sight of lovely where life and there leave them in the Asheville, and there leave them in the shade of the evergreens and in the mirror and melody of flowing waters to sleep with his patriotic fathers. And as the cloud at evening hang upon the bosom and eter-nal towers of Black Mountain, so will shadow or sorrow rest upon the bosom o all his people. But the light of his life with the early rays of morning will dispet the gloom from the mountains and from their hearts.

eir hearts. And now I can only venture, in the name of the stricken Senate, with gentler sympathy to send to the noble and devoted woman, who for months by day and by night, with unwearied vigilence, has stood by him like an angel of light and love, our heartfelt condolence and tenderness, and to hold up to his brave sons the ever-living beacon of their father's life. He expired solaced in the arms and affections of his wife and children. And may our Almighty Father, in his supreme and inflnite goodness, bestow upon them his strength and comfort."

strength and comfort."
Further resolutions were offered by Mr.
Ransom, and agreed to, ordering invitations to be extended to the President of
the United States and the members of his Cabinet, the Chief Justice and Asso-ciate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, the general commanding the army and the admiral of the navy, to attend the funeral to-day. Senators Morrill (Rep., Vt.), Sherman (Rep., Ohio), Harris (Dem., Tenn.), and McPherson (Dem., N. J.) were appointed by the Vice-President as pall-bearers, and then a recess was taken until 2:20 P. M. his Cabinet, the Chief Justice and Asso

then a recess was taken until 3:30 P. M.

THE SENATE BEASSEMBLES. When the Senate reassembled at 3:30 the galleries were packed with eager spectators, the ladies generally wearing sombre costumes. The seals on the floor had been re-arranged, the chairs of the senators being brought together more closely than usual, and over a hundred plain, oak-colored, wooden chairs being placed in the lobbies, at the rear of the two sections. Large, leather, crimson-polored, upholstered arm chairs for the family of the dead senator to the left of the Vice-President, and the President and members of the Cabinet to the right, tood within the area. On the secretary's desk was an immense floral piece repre senting the broken trunk of a gally tree a North Carolina growth, around which roses and other flowers were twined, and along the walls at close intervals were ranged potted plants of palms and evergreens, with two tall North Carolina pines on each side of the Vice-President's chair, and a tall paim in the recess be hind it. Mrs. Neille Grant Sartoris, Gen. Grant's daughter, occupied a front seat in the gallery, to the east of the reporters'

gallery.
At 3:50 the casket containing the remains of the dead senator was borne into the chamber by a squad of uniformed Capitol police, and placed on a bier in the area. It was preceded by the Committee of Arrangement for the two Houses, the members of which were white scarfs, and was accompanied by the honorary pall-bearers, wearing black scarfs. The top of the casket was covered with a profusion of roses.

THE DIGNITARIES ARRIVE.

Immediately afterward the deputy Sergeant-at-Arms, Mr. Layton, announce the atrival at the main entranc of the chamber of the Speaker and mem bers of the House of Representatives. The Vice-President and senators stood up and remained standing while the members of the House were seeking their seats—the Speaker taking his beside the Vice-President, at his right hand side, and the members theirs on the Democratic side of the chamber, which was entirely va-cated by the senators. Next came, and were received with the like honors, the Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, who took chairs in the second row on the Democratic side, leaving the chairs in the front row to be occupied by the President of the United States and the mem-bers of his Cabinet, who entered imme-

diately after the Supreme Court.

Then "The Ambassador of England to the United States" was announced, and all

the United States' was announced, and all present stood up while Sir Julian Paunce-fote was conducted to his place.

The President, who appeared to be fairly well and active, took his seat on a red Morocco-covered arm chair at the head of the line of chairs in the first row. Next to him sal Secretary Gresham, of the State Department, and then came Secretaries Carlisle, Herbert, Smith, Morton, Postmaster-General Bisseil and Attor-ney-General Olney. At the end of the row Sir Julian Pauncefote sat and near him Bishop Keane. The religious observances were begun with prayer, and the rending of Scriptural selections by Rev. Dr. M. D. Hoge, of Richmond, Va.

said, falls on this chamber to-day. The bloom and fragrance of spring; the sunshine, bright and clear, brings no delight to our eyes and no cheer to our hearts. What are all the genial aspects of nature; what are even those important concerns which occupy and so much agitate us in our daily life; what are all to us just now, when all around we see those badges of mourning, those tears of grief, when we behold that bier and remember who it is that lies under it? Suddenly called upon, on an occasion so solemn and before an assembly so august, I feel that there is but one topic which becomes one in my position; only one theme about which it is proper for me to speak. The first requirement for the highest and most symmetrical deme to speak. The first requirement for the highest and most symmetrical de-velopment of everything that is noble in the character of a public man, whether a velopment of everything that is noble in the character of a public man, whether a soldier, a sage, or a senator, is a sincere, consistent, heartfelt plety. Piety towards God is the surest incentive to the full discharge of all duty towards men. It is the truest and most unfalling inspiration of honor, the strongest safeguard of personal integrity, the most efficient aid in the pursuit and in the attainment of whatsoever things are true and just and honest and lovely and of good report. I stand here to affirm that the man who lives properly under his great Task-Master's eye; who believes and remembers that God is now the witness of his conduct and will be his final judge, is the man who will ever be the most fearless in meeting his responsibilities and the most faithful in the discharge of all his trusts. He is the man who will be most elevated over whatever is most ignoble and narrow and selfish, because the ends which he aims at are those of his country, his God, and truth. And now, when I remember on whom the bereavement has failer with its heaviest wight of

try, his God, and truth. And now, when I remember on whom the bereavement has fallen with its heaviest weight, oh what can I do, what can we all do, but to take up in the arms of our faith and Christian sympathy and affection those who are most bereaved and commend them to the Father of Mercies, to the God of all comfort; commend them to the ten-der care of Jesus, lover of souls, and never so full of sympathy as when his children are punished with sorrow. "THERE IS NOTHING GREAT BUT GOD,"

"THERE IS NOTHING GREAT BUT GOD."

The preacher recalled the scene of Masillon, the famous French divine, preaching a funeral sermon before a French King, and declaring after his eyes had wandered over that scene of pride and mocking vanity until last they settled on the bier where dead Royalty lay beneath the pail. "There is nothing great but God." "To-day," continued the preacher, "this chamber, by a solemn dispensation of providence has been converted into a 'Lodge of Sorrow,' and in this audience are those Sorrow, and in this audience are those occupying the highest post of authority and influence in the land, and yet all and influence in the land, and yet an temporal distinctions are now forgotten, and how great thoughts of controversy and strife which absorb and agitate us appear insignificant in the presence of the dead, in the presence of the living God. "There is southing great hat God." nothing great but God."

In conclusion, Dr. Hoge recited the

nymn:
"My God and Father, while I pray,
Far from home on life's rough way;
Oh, teach, from my heart to say,
Thy will be done."

THE CASEET TAKEN TO THE TRAIN.

The benediction was pronounced by Chaplain Milburn, and then the coffin with the remains of the dead senator, was borne out by the Capitol police, attended by the honorary pall-bearers and the committees of the two Houses. The invited guests left the chamber in the order of their arrival.

The funeral procession was formed on the eastern plaza of the Capitol and moved to the Pennsylvania railroad station, from which the train started for Raleigh, N. C., at 9 P. M. The Senate, soon after the ceremonies, adfourned until to-morrow.

MUST BE BURIED AT ASSEVULUE. This afternoon a delegation from Rai-eign called on Mrs. Vance to request that the Senator's remains be interred in that city. Mrs. Vance decided not to change her intention to have the burial at Asheville where Senator Vance some ago selected a site for his grave.

At 2 o'cleck this afternoon the mem-bers of the Senate and the House com mittee appointed to attend the funera reached the Vance residence on Massa chusetts avenue, and a few minutes later the casket was placed in the hearse and taken to the Capitol under their escort. Eight Capitol policemen, under a lieutenant, acted as body-bearers. There were no services at the house. At 3:30 o'clock Mrs. Vance and the members of her family left the Vance residence for the Capitol. the Capitol.

ACTION TAKEN BY THE HOUSE. WASHINGTON, April 16.-The death of

Senstor Vance was referred to in eloquent and appropriate terms by the Chaplain in his opening prayer.

Mr. Coombs (Dem., N. Y) offered the following resolution, which was unan-

mously agreed to:
Whereas we have heard with profound
regret of the death of a former and distinguished member of this body, Major-General Henry W. Slocum, who died in Brooklyn on the morning of the 14th in-

Resolved, That in this death of one of the great captains of the Union army during the war the country has lost a brave and skilful soldier, a wise legisator, a pure citizen of high and distinsuished character, and Resolved, That this preamble and resolu-

ion be spread upon the Journal House, and that a copy of them be sent to his sorrowing family. A recess of twenty minutes was taken,

on motion of Mr. Henderson (Dem., N. C.), pending the receipt of a mesasge from the Senate, conveying the resoluions of that body over the death of

When the House reassembled at 12:30 the Senate resolution, expressing regret at Senator Vance's death, was read; there pon Mr. Henderson, of North Carolina

Resolved, That the House has heard with profound sorrow the announcement of the death of Hon. Zebulon Baird Vance ate senator from the State o. North

Resolved, That the Speaker appoint a committee of nine members to act in conjunction with a committe of the Senate to make the necessary arrangements and accompany the remains to the place

Resolved, That the House accept the in vitation of the Senate to attend the fu neral at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Resolved, That a recess be taken until 3:30 o'clock this evening, at which time the House will proceed in a body to the Senate chamber, and, upon the conclusion of the funeral, return to this chamber

of the funeral, return to this chamber, and that the Speaker, as a further mark of respect to the deceased, shall declare the House adjourned.

When the resolutions had been read Mr. Henderson made a brief speech culogistic of Senator Vance, after which the resolution was agreed to. The Chair thereupon appointed the following committee on the part of the House to accompany the remains to North Carolina: Messrs. Henderson, Alexander and Crawford, of North Carolina; Brookshire, of Indiana; Black, of Illinois; Daniels, of New York; Strong, of Ohio; Elair, of New Hampshire, and Houk, of Tennessee.

Promptly at 3:45 Speaker Crisp took the chair and announced that the House would adjourn its session and attend the funeral service of the senator from North Carolina.

Hoge, of Richmond, Va.

DR. Hoge's FUNERAL ADDRESS.

Then Dr. Hoge began his funeral address. The shadow of a great sorrow, he

Senate, followed by the members present in pairs.

At 4:40 P. M., immediately after the funeral cermonies, the House resumed its sitting. As soon as the members were in their seats, Speaker Crisp announced that the House would stand adjourned until to-morrow as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, and in accordance with the resolutions adopted this morning.

TOUCHING EULOGIES. Pributes to Vance by Virginia and North

Carolina Congressmen.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Special.—The kindly feeling and high esteem in which the dead Senator was held was noticeable in every word and action of the day. The members of Congress each had a loving word to say, and gave him unstanted arraise.

stinted praise. SENATOR DANIEL'S EULOGIES. SENATOR DANIEL'S EULOGIES.

Senator Daniel said: "Senator Vance was universally beloved and honored, and most justly so. He was a fearless and unselfish patriot of strong convictions, and nothing diverted him from the honest and dutiful service of the people who trusted him. He had raw abilities as a logician, as well as an orator, and he was untiring in the discharge of those manifold duties of detail which are as unattractive as they are useful. He will be missed and mourned in the Senate, where all were his friends. His death is a great loss to the country, as will as to his State. The Democracy news had a truer devotee of its principles or an abler champion in debate, whether in Congress or upon the hustings. I was his warm triend and admirer, and deeply deplore him." mirer, and deeply deplore him."

SWANSON'S OPINION OF VANCE. Congressman Swanson said: "There was no man in public life for whom I entertained a higher esteem and warmer regard than Senator Vance. He was believed by the people of my district as much, if not more, than any man in public life. When Mahone inaugurated the beautiful investigation with a view of Danville investigation with a view of blackening the fair name of the people of Danville and my county, Senator Vance was our staunch friend and detender. Language is inadequate to de-scribe the extent of admiration and tenwe have always entertained fo derness we have always entertained for him. Honest and fearless in his convic-tions, generous and magnanimous in spirit, genial in disposition, witty and fascinating in conversation, close to the people n all of his aims and aspirations, few men in public life were more beloved or more potential with the people.
I regard his death as a great loss and calamity to his state and party."

CONGRESSMAN BOWERS' TRIBUTE. Congressman Bower, of N. C.: "In general, well-rounded greatness North Ca-rolina has never had but one peer of Mr. Vance, and that was Nathaniel Macon, Mr. Vance, and that was Nathamel Macon, to whom, in some respects, he was a paral-lel. At the age of twenty-eight he was a member of Congress in a district that for years had been represented by a person of a different party from his. Amid the throes of the civil war he bound unto the hearts of North Carolinians with "hooks of seel," With reconstruc-tion that came after the war, there came to the popular "war Governor" a fresh wave of popular strength, and on that wave he rode gracefully and triumphant y to the close of his eventful life. His ighest claim to fame will test upo was not in the remotest degree a dema-rogue, he was of the plebelan rather than of the patrician order. He was no aristocrat, and never courted the favor of such. There will be sadness in the humblest cottage of his State when the news of his death shall be wafted to

able and conservative Governor, "An able and conservative Governor a bold and faithful senator has gone and we shall not soon see his like again,"

WHAT MR. ALEXANDER SAYS OF HIM. Congressman Alexander (N. C.): "Vanc was one of North Carolina's greatest men his strength with the masses was phethe people of North Carolina so well, and loved them so dearly that his every act seemed to be the vibration of the popular heart. The old Confederate reterans never meet without talking ov how "our great war Governor" cloth-ed them and sided as best he could their ed them and added as best he could their families, and all North Carolina looks back with pride to 1875, when he de-throned the last of the 'carpet-baggers' and redcemed the State. And his senatorial record has further endeared him to his countrymen, and his death at this time is a calamity to our State."

OPINION OF A BEPUBLICAN. Congressman Seitle, of North Carolina, lys: "The death of Senator Vance is great misfortune not only to the of North Carolina, but of the whole untry. He was a man of position and cided character, true to his friends, at all times above board and honor-in his opposition to his enemies, man ever had a greater hold upon sels and campaign services the Demo rey of the State would, years ago, have on with him nevertheless had the thest respect for his sturdy manhood d strict integrity. In politics he was "time server," but had firm convicos and always the courage to assert em regardless of the opposition he ovoked. He was honored by the peoof his State with almost every proof scandal was silenced by his

ACCOMPANIED THE BEMAINS WASHINGTON, April 16.—Special.—The pecial train which left here at 9 P. M. curing the remains of Senator Vance. as in charge of Captain Arthur Barnes esides the senatorial and congressiona the following persons accompa

remains Nance, widow of the Senator, and on, Mr. Harry Martin; Mr. Charles and wife, Judge Hoke and sister, loykin, Messes, C. M. Bushee, Joe ykin, Messrs, C. M. Busbee, Jo Mr. Leech, clerk of the Com on Claims, and many other Caro The train will stop at Greens half an hour to-morrow even-

from Sergeant Bosseau, of Dan-equiring the time the train would hat point, as the citizens wish to

Governor Carr, of North Carolina accompanied the remains to Raleigh

of the party was rescued by a passing

To Allow Jesuits to Return.

BERLIN, April 16.—The bill permitting the return of Jesuits to Germany passed the third reading in the Reichstag to-day, by votes of 168 to 145.

NEW YORK, April 16.—Smail-pox has broken out anew at Sing Sing prison. Three new cases developed yesterday.

barge.

RENICK TO SUCCEED ROCKHILL. The Bont Capsized and One Drowned,

PENSACOLA, PLA., April 16.—Georg V. Southgate, superintendent of the Pen Legal Civil Service Examination. ola water works, was drowned while siming from a fish dinner across the yesterday. He left the city in comwith five other gentlemen in a small y, but when about six miles from the land on their return the boat was main land on their return the boat accepsized and all thrown into the water. The party managed to hold on until day-break this morning, when Mr. Southgate became exhausted and died. The balance

# BRECKINRIDGE AT WORK

Apointes.

WILL RESUME HIS CONGRESSIONAL DUTIES TO-DAY.

Nothing Known of the Effort to Obtain H Expulsion from the House-Miss Pol lard's Statement as to Her Future.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 16.-Rep-

resentative Breckinridge, of Kentucky, proposes to resu ne his congressional du-House Appropriations Committee, and was an active member in that body until called from his legislative duties to the celebrated trial, in which he was defeated, and which ended Saturday last. He was about the House to-day for a few minutes. He first went to the Appropriations Committee-room, where he spoke with several trembers of the committee regarding the work in hand, and entered the House during the chaplain's prayer. He was look-ing better than he did for the past ten days. The members of the House made no demonstration when he came in. While none of the members were effusive in their greetings, all who he addressed received all his addresses in an apparently friendly suirit

all his addresses in an apparently friendly spirit.

It is reported that one of the members of the Kentucky delegation would offer a resolution to obtain Mr. Breckinridge's expulsion from the House. None of the delegation could be found who had heard anything definite regarding the report, and it was generally discredited.

MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL TO-DAY. WASHINGTON, April 16.—Representa-tive Breckinridge and his counsel were engaged this afternoon in preparing their formal motion for a new trial, which will formal motion for a new trial, which will be presented to Judge Bradley to-mor-row. This motion is a mere formality in the way of an appeal to the District Court of Appeals, for no one entertains the slightest idea that Judge Bradley will overrule the jury and grant a motion. The motion will be based upon the usual grounds that the verdict was contrary to law, and was contrary to the evidence, and that the damages were excessive.

and that the damages were excessive.

The counsel for the defence will press for a hearing on the motion at the earliest possible day, as Attorney Stoll is anxious to return to Kentucky. Saturday is motion day in Judge Bradley's court but the larger thinks of taking a court, but the Judge thinks of taking a short vacation, so that the date of the hearing is uncertain. The docket of the Court of Appeals is so crowded that it is probable that the appeal cannot be heard there before next September, when the court meets for its fall term. The cost of an appeal to this court is so great that it might well deter the defence from prosecuting the case further. It will be necessary to have printed for the court, at the expense of the appellant, a record of the proceedings in the Circuit Court, and this, considering the length of such a document, will be a heavy expense in itself.

NEW YORK, April 16.—A morning paper prints as a special from Washing-ton a statement from Miss Madeline Pollard, in regard to her intentions for

"As my unfortunate case is now ended with a verdict in my favor, I do not see why I may not say how deeply and heartily I thank the press of the United States in general for all that has been said in we behalf and how clearly I. said in my behalf, and how clearly I see and admit the justification for much that has been said against me. I should ike to say how deeply grateful I am for the kind letters which have come for the kind letters which have come to me and my counsel from all parts of the United States during the terrible ordeal through which I have just passed. "If the future holds anything for me it cannot be in the direction of publicity and sensation. If my untrained literary ambition is to receive any reward or justification it must come with labor and patience, and I have no idea of going patience, and I have no idea of going on the stage or lecture platform, otherwise accentuating publicity whi my unfortunate career has had in this trial. I have been applied to by various publishers to edit a report of the trial, out I have not brought myself to think that this would be a wise step, and it should take it, will only be because point to the moral of my misguided life, and to awaken good sentiments in the public rather than to keep alive bad

sensations.
(Signed.) "MADELINE POLLARD." THE PLOWERS FOR THE WILSON. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16 .- Judge Jere M. Wilson, whose cloquent plea for the advancement of women in the closing the advancement of women in the closing speech for Madeline Pollard, gained for him a fine bouquet of La France roses from Miss Mary Desha, sister of Colonel Breckintidge's late wife, Mrs. Dan Waugh, Miss Nettle L. White, Miss Louise Lowell, and others, has sent the

following letter of acknowledgement: "1712 I street, April 15, 1894. "My Dear Miss White: I beg that you will receive for and communicate to the "twenty-eight wo men" mentioned in your note, my thanks for the flowers; and I beg you also to long professional career, soon to close there is nothing in it all that is more gratifying to me to have it said, if i can be said, that I have contributed to the advancement of women and the establishment of a moral and social code that will visit upon the offending ma that will visit upon the offending man-the same measure of condemnation that it visits upon the offending weman. "So far as I have the names of these kind ladies I have addressed to then notes of acknowledgement, which I hand you herewith, and which I beg you to do me the favor to so direct them as that they will reach their intended destina-

Very respectfully, "J. M. WILSON." The note which accompanied the flowers, and to which the above was a reply foilows:

"April 14, 1894. "Dear Mr. Wilson: "These flowers are sent to you as a mark of appreciation of the stand you took yesterday for one code of morals for man and woman, and also for the advancement of woman in an active part in the world in which we all have an

"By twenty-eight women. With respect and gratitude. Most sincerely, "NETTIE LOUISA WHITE."

The Former the First Candidate to Pass the

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Secretary Gresham has decided to appoint Edward I. Renick, of Georgia, chief clerk of the State Department to succeed William W. Rockhill, promoted to be Third Assistant Secretary of State. Renick has been chief of the Bureau of Statistics of the

chief of the Bureau of Statistics of the State Department for the past year.

Renick has the distinction of being the first appointee to the Government service from Georgia who entered through the civil service, and the first candidate in the whole United States to pass the civil-service examination as to qualification of a legal nature. He was appointed to a \$1,200 clerkship eight years ago and has passed through all grades step by step, skipping none. Since April 17th last year, he has been chief of statistics in the State Department and his imin the State Department and his im-provements inaugurated there, particu-larly in the publication of the consular reports, attracted such favorable atten-tion that he was selected for the chief

clerkship entirely without political in-fluence or other solicitation. Mr. Renick was born in Baltimore thirty-eight years ago, graduated at the University of Virginia law school in 1881, and practiced several years in Atlanta, Ga.

The vacancy caused by Mr. Renick's promotion has been filled by the appointment of Mr Frederick Emory, at present secretary of the Bureau of American Republics.

GOV, WAITE WINS.

The Supreme Court Finally Decides in

Bloody Bridles" Favor. DENVER, COL., April 16.-The longought police board contest ended today with the decision of the Supreme Court, which upholds Governor Waite's claim that he had a legal right to remove Martin and Orr. A writ of ouster was, ordered, and the defiant members given ordered, and the defiant members given until to-morrow noon to give possession to Mullins and Barnes. The costs of the proceedings were taxed against the retiring members. The opinion reviews the history of the case, and declares that the defendants could not legally show that they had been removed for political reason, when the cause alleged was stated in writing, and was, upon its face, a just cause for removal. The answer made by them was held to be insufficient made by them was held to be insufficient in law.

This ends the case, and Martin and

This ends the case, and Martin and Orr retire gracefully, yet still asserting that it is all a political scheme. The new board met informally to-day and decided to name H. M. Behymer, chief; Dan, Oswald, first lieutenant, and William Roberts, fire chief. A contest among the Populists, however, is on, and this programme is liable to be changed to-morrow. As the Governor has started a campaign against the gamblers, causing the paign against the gamblers, causing the removal of Martin and Orr, it is now cerremoval of Martin and Orr, it is now cer-tain that a war against the gambling houses will begin in earnest as soon as the board gets possession of their offices. By decision of Governor Waite, Adjutant Tarsney has issued orders for the dis-missal of all State troops held under arms at the various armories since the beginning of this trouble.

GREAT NORTHERN STRIKE.

cials Refuse to Talk. ST. PAUL, MINN., April 16.—Brief dispatches this evening from all important points along the Great Northern rallway system are to the effect that no trains are running along that line between Crookston, Minn., and Scattle, Wash. The crookston, Minn., and Seattle, Wash. The strikers gained ground this morning. They hung up the train arriving at \$:55 at Fargo, thus suspending traffic between Fargo and Crookston, Minn. All branches of the line are, therefore, tied up, except the St. Paul and Breckinridge, the Barnes and the St. Cloud and Fergus Fails.

At the general offices of the company At the general offices of the company this afternoon there was a general indis-position to talk. President Hill was in conference with President Samuel Hill, of the Montana Central, and it is stated that they have instructed Superintendent Bryan to confer with the strikers at Dakota and Montana points. A large number of Brotherhood engineers and tire number of Brotherhood engineers and fire-men along the line are willing to resume work, but the American Railway Union men refuse to man their trains. The Brotherhood men, who are out from sympathy with the strikers, have been informed by their chiefs that they are violating their oath, and if they will con-tinue to remain out they will be expelled from the Brotherhood. Chief Clark and Morrissey, of the conductors, arrived here Morrissey, of the conductors, arrived here this morning, and Chief Arthur, of the Engineers, wid arrive in the morning President Debbs, of the American Union came to St. Paul from Omaha on Sunday morning, but he has persistently kept out of sight.

FOR TRADE-MARK INFRINGEMENT The N. K. Fairbanks Company File Suits for Damages.

MACON, GA., April 16.-The N. K. Fairbanks Company filed a suit for damages to-day in the Federal Court here against W. L. Henry, a dealer of this city, for infringement of their trade-mark

on "Cottolene." The bill alleges that the defendant has for some time been buying from western pork-packers products inferior to "Cot-tolene," and has been selling such artiele at a price less by a cent or more a bound than the genuine article, and that the Fairbanks Company has expended large sums in advertising their food product, and that the defendant is thus fraudulently getting the benefit of the trade they have built up; that the N. K. Fairbanks Company are the originators of the new food product; that, designing to the new food product; that, designing to coin a word to signify its principal ingredient, cotton-seed oil, they coined the word "Cottolene," and applied for and had granted the trade-mark which the defendant had infringed. The general counsel for the company is visiting this section for the purpose of filing suits against all infringers of the trade-mark, and this is the first one of the series. Similar suits will be brought at other paints.

### THAT QUORUM PROBLEM. It is Said that a New Rule Has Been Agreed

Upon by the Committee.

WASHINGTON, April 16.-The House Committee on Rules had an informal session this afternoon lasting two hours. Mr. Reed, one of the Republican members, was not present, and, although the subject of the new rule was generally discussed, no action was taken, owing to Mr. Reed's absence. Another meeting will be held at 11 o'clock to-morrow forcnoon, and it is expected that when the House meets the new rule will be presented, as it is understood to have been agreed upon by the Democratic members.

Trial of Many Suits Begun.

NEW YORK, April 18.—The trial of the first twenty-four suits, involving about \$200,000, was begun in the United States Circuit Court to-day. John Gienn, the plaintiff, is trustee for the creditors of the National Express and Transportation the National Express and Transportation Company of Virginia. He seeks to re-cover assessments levied on the stock-holders by the courts after the company failed in 1996. A deed of trust was ex-ecuted to J. B. Haye, C. O'Donnell and John T. Kelly for the creditors. Of the total assessments afterwards levied near-ly \$200,000 is due, hence the suit to re-

Case Against Gov. Hogg. NEW ORLEANS, April 16.—A special from Nacogdoches, Texas, to the Picayune, says: The case of the State against Governor Hogg, Judge Perkins, and Hon. E. C. Dickerson, for killing deer out of season, came up this evening. Dickerson was fined \$25; the others got a continuance. Motion for a new trial was denied and an appeal taken.

New Road Within Sixty Days. HOUSTON, TEX., April 16.—General Manager Lee, of the La Porte, Houston and Northern railroad, says all equipment has been secured, and that in sixty days the road between Houston and La Porte, on Galveston bay, will be com-

SANTA CRUZ, CAL., April 16.—Twenty-four buildings were burned here in a fire that raged from 10:30 Saturday night until early yesterday. Loss, \$255,000; in-surance, \$100,000.

## THE BRITISH BUDGET.

AN INCREASE OF DUTIES OF SPIRA ITS AND INCOME TAX.

The Government's Complex Scheme of Bos organizing the Death Duties\_Objec tion to the New Taxes.

LONDON, April 16.-The budget was introduced in the House of Commons day by Sir William Harcourt, Chancellos of the Exchequer. Sir William stated that the fact that the total revenue for the last year was only 507,000 pounds under the estimates proved the solidity of the national finances, in view of the depression of trade. It was estimated that the sion of trade. It was estimated that the expenditures for the coming year would be \$6,485,000 pounds, which will leave a deficit of 4,502,000 pounds. This deficit, he said, would not be met by either borrowing or by abandoning the fixed provision for the liquidation of the national debt, It was proposed to cover the deficit by appropriating 2,359,000 pounds from the sum mortgaged under the naval defence act, the income tax, an increase of the death duties and increase of a penny on the pound in the income tax, six pence per gallon on spirits and six pence per barrel on beer.

SIR WILLIAM RABCOURT'S SPEECH.

Sir William Harcourt's speech.

Sir William Harcourt spoke two hours and three-quarters. His monotonous style of delivery added greatly to the necessary duliness of explaining in detail the Government's complex scheme of reorganizing the death duties by consolidating the existing five classes, the probate, account, estate, legacy, and succession duties into one, which is to be called the estate duty. This imposes a graduated taxation, beginning with 1 per cent., on sums from 100 to 500 pounds, and ascending to 8 per cent. on amounts of over 1,000,000 pounds. A graduated scale is also applied to the income tax. Incomes of 500 pounds are now exempt from taxation. The bill provides that incomes of 100 pounds are now exempt from taxation. The bill provides that incomes of 100 pounds are now exempt from taxation. The bill provides that incomes of 100 pounds are now exempt from taxation. The bill provides that incomes of 100 pounds are now exempt from taxation. The bill provides that incomes of 100 pounds are now exempt from taxation. The sill provides that incomes of 100 pounds is allowed on incomes under 400 pounds, and an abatement of 100 pounds on all incomes under 500 pounds. The effect of this readjustment that incomes of 500 pounds will pay no more under the proposed tax of 8 pence in the pound than they do under the existing tax of 7 pence in the pound. Sir William contended that the additional duty on spirits and beer would fall upon the producer and not affect the consumer. Reviewing the past year, he showed that the loss on spirits had been offset by the increase had been due to the mild weather. The savings banks' revenues had increased by a million pounds, which was proof that the resources of the wage-earning classes had been enhanced.

MB, 608CHEN'S OBJECTIONS,
Mr. Goschen said that the budget con-

MB, GOSCHEN'S OBJECTIONS, Mr. Goschen said that the budget contained as complicated provisions as had ever been submitted to Parliament. The proposed regulation of the death duties, he declared, would occupy the entire session.

Mr. John J. Clancy, Nationalist, thought

Mr. John J. Claney, Nationalist, thought an increase of duty on spirits the very last expedient that ought to be resorted to for the purpose of meeting the deficit. Whisky, he said, was the national beverage of Ireland, and an increase of duty on spirits would be felt keenly. Sir William Harcourt expressed the opinion that Mr. Claney had made a mistake. The annual expenditure per capita for whisky, he said, was nineteen shillings in Scotland, sixteen in England, and only thirteen in Ireland. In view of the enormous profits made by dealers in spirituous liquors and beer, it was difficult to conceive of any source of revenue less open to objection.

Gibson Bowles, Tory, said that the budget proposed that the rich be plundered for the benefit of the poor. The rich were victimized because they were

deserting the Government. BOTH SIDES AGREE ON THIS. John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireappointment of a committee to inquire into the workings of Irish land acts.

The Rt. Hop. A. J. Balfour, leader of the Opposition in the House, appealed to the Conservatives to support Morley's motion, which was then adopted without debate.

THE BEHRING SEA BILL PASSED.

LONDON, April, 16.—The House of Lords to-day passed the Behring Sea bill, the House of Commons having agreed to the amendments of Lord Kimberly, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, including the change in clause seven. There was no debate. The final stages of the bil be taken to-morrow. Clause "Whereupon, any proceedings in any court against a person and ship in respect of any offence against the act, it is poved that the ship sailed from its port of de-parture before the provisions of the award were known, and that such a person or master of a ship did, after sailing and before the alleged offence become aware

of these provisions, such a person shall be acquitted, and the ship shall be released, and not forfeited." Atlanta's Exposition.

Atlanta's Exposition.

ATLANTA, GA., April 16.—The shareholders of the Cotton States and International Exposition Company met to-day
for the purpose of permanent organization. The preliminary fund for organization having been fixed at \$290,090, and the
subscriptions raised by last Saturday
night amount in cash to \$220,009, with
buildings and grounds of the old Piedmont
Exposition Company contributed, there
being 200 acres of ground in same and improvements valued at \$120,000, this being
in excess of the \$220,000 in cash subscribed. The temporary organization was
made permanent with W. A. Hemphili
president, H. W. Palmer director-general,
and a board of fifty directors was elected.
Atlanta's cash subscribtion fund will be
increased to \$300,000, and the movement
will be started at once to fecure the cooperation of every southern State and
country generally.

Short in His Accounts,

PENSACOLA, FLA., April 18.—A special from Marianna says: V. M. Fulcher, who has been the agent for the Pensacola and Atlantic road at this place for thirteen years, is short in his account \$2,500. He left Marianna on April 4th for Gadsden, Ala., and has not been heard from since.

WEATHER FORECAST,

WEATHER FORECAST,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16.—For
Virginia: Fair and warmer, south winds.
For North Carolina: Fair and warmer,
south winds.
Weather conditions and general forecast—An area of low pressure of considerable energy is central over Eastern
Colorado. The barometer is low from
Texas northward to the Dakotas. The
barometer has risen slowly throughout
the regions east of the Mississippl and
the regions west of the Rocky mountains.
The indications are that fair weather
will contifue during Tuesday throughout
the Mississippl valley, with warm, southerly winds, except in New Engiand.
Showers are indicated for the States of
Missouri, and upper Mississippl valleys,
with conditions favorable for severe local
storms.

BANGE OF THERMOMETER The following was the rang thermometer at The Times off day: 5 A. M., 60; 13 M., 72; 3 6 P. M., 64; 5 P. M., 63; 12 M. age, 61-3.